

# IV

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## Related Sequences

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Beginning in 1993, this section of the compendium turned its focus toward cellular and viral factors that interact with HIV. Many of these factors are discussed at length by K.-T. Jeang, one of the database editors, in the 1994 release. In this 1995 update we present amino acid sequences of some cellular factors newly reported to interact with HIV proteins or nucleic acids. Be forewarned that some of these claims are controversial. Moreover, it is possible that we have overlooked some cofactor sequences, in which case upon hearing of those we will place them onto the Web site (<http://hiv-web.lanl.gov>). Rajesh Krishnan and Teh Jeang at NIAID/NIH were instrumental in compiling this collection of sequences.

Note that many of these proteins are equivocally named. RIP can mean vpR-interacting protein or Rev-interacting protein (or repeat-induced point mutation process in an unrelated context). TAP is used as a name for several proteins with different functions; here TAP, also known as SF2 (splicing factor 2) associated factor, stands for TAR-associated protein.

### PART IV Related Sequences

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## EIF5A

LOCUS HSU17969 4862 bp DNA PRI 16-DEC-1994  
DEFINITION Human initiation factor eIF-5A gene, complete cds.  
ACCESSION U17969  
REFERENCE 1 (sites)  
AUTHORS Koettnitz,K., Woehl,T., Kappel,B., Lottspeich,F., Hauber,J. and Bevec,D.  
TITLE Identification of a new member of the human initiation factor eIF-5A gene family  
JOURNAL Unpublished  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 4862)  
AUTHORS Werner,F.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (01-DEC-1994) Werner F., Sandoz Research Institute, Mrg-Ir, Brunnerstrasse 59, Vienna, Austria, A-1235  
COMMENT The eIF-5A protein (eukaryotic initiation factor 5A) is an essential cofactor for HIV Rev function (Steinkasserer et al., Genomics 25:749,1995; Katahira et al., J.Virol. 69:3125, 1995; Ruhl et al., J. Cell Biol. 123:1309,1993).  
NCBI gi: 602244

FEATURES

	Location/Qualifiers
source	1..4862 /organism="Homo sapiens" /sex="female" /tissue_type="placenta"
exon	1..125 /number=1
intron	126..1974 /number=1
exon	1975..2159 /number=2
CDS	join(1995..2159,3372..3476,3704..3835,3932..3994) /note="NCBI gi: 602245" /codon_start=1 /function="initiation factor" /evidence=experimental /product="eIF-5A" /db_xref="PID:g602245" /translation="MADDLDFETGDAGASATFPMQCSALRKNFVVLKGRPCKIVEMSTSKTGKHHGAKVHLVGDIFTGKKYEDICPSTHNMDVFNKRNDFQLIGIQDGYLSLLQDSGEVREDLRLPEGLGKEIEQKYDCGEEILITVLSAMTEEA AVAIKAMAK"

LOCUS HUMRABCCF 2583 bp DNA PRI 24-AUG-1995  
 DEFINITION Homo sapiens cellular co-factor (RAB) gene, complete cds.  
 ACCESSION L42025  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2583)  
 AUTHORS Bogerd,H.P., Fridell,R.A., Madore,S. and Cullen,B.R.  
 TITLE Identification of a novel cellular cofactor for the Rev/Rex class  
 of retroviral regulatory proteins  
 JOURNAL Cell 82 (3), 485-494 (1995)  
 MEDLINE 95360992  
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2583)  
 AUTHORS Cullen,B.R.  
 TITLE Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL Submitted (11-AUG-1995) Bryan R. Cullen, Howard Hughes Medical  
 Institute and Department of Genetics, Duke University Medical  
 Center, Durham, NC 27710, USA  
 COMMENT The RAB protein (Rev/Rex activation domain-binding protein) binds  
 to Rev and Rex activation domains in vivo and in vitro. It appears  
 to enhance Rev activity, i.e., export of unspliced and singly-spliced  
 HIV messages, when the latter is bound to RNA.  
 NCBI gi: 945222  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..2583  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /clone="RAB"  
 /cell\_line="CEM-SS"  
 /cell\_type="T-cell"  
 /sequenced\_mol="DNA"  
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 /gene="RAB"  
 CDS 244..1932  
 /gene="RAB"  
 /note="Rev/Rex activation domain-binding protein; NCBI  
 gi: 945223"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /function="cellular co-factor"  
 /db\_xref="PID:g945223"  
 /translation="MAASAKRKQEEKHLKMLRDMTGLPHNRKCFDCDQRGPTYVNMTV  
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 SVNANFAHFDNFPKSSSADFGTFNTSQSHQTASAVSKVSTNKAGLQTADKYAALANLD  
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 AYTSTSNASSNVFGTVPVVASAQTQPASSSVPAFPGATPSTNPFVAAAGPSVASSTNP  
 FQTNARGATAATFGTASMSMPTGFGTPAPYSLPTSFSGSFQQPAFPAQAAPQQTAFS  
 QQPNGAGFAAFGQTKPVVTPFGQVAAAGVSSNPFMTGAPTGGFPTGSSSTNPFL"

# hRIP

LOCUS HSRNANLP 2414 bp RNA PRI 17-AUG-1995  
DEFINITION H.sapiens mRNA for nucleoporin-like protein.  
ACCESSION X89478  
\*FIELD\* NID  
g950050  
KEYWORDS nucleoporin-like protein.  
SOURCE human.  
ORGANISM Homo sapiens  
Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;  
Vertebrata; Osteichthyes; Sarcopterygii; Mammalia; Eutheria;  
Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2414)  
AUTHORS Fritz,C.C., Zapp,M.L. and Green,M.R.  
TITLE A human nucleoporin-like protein that specifically interacts with  
HIV Rev  
JOURNAL Nature 376 (6540), 530-533 (1995)  
MEDLINE 95364930  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2414)  
AUTHORS Green,M.R.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (07-JUL-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. M.R.  
Green, Univ. of Massachusetts Medical Center, Program in Molecular  
Medicine, 373 Plantation Street, Worcester, MA 01605, USA  
COMMENT HRIP (human Rev interacting protein) specifically interacts with the  
HIV Rev effector domain. The hRIP is homologous to nucleoporins.  
NCBI gi: 950050  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..2414  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
CDS 67..1755  
/note="pid:e188464; NCBI gi: 950051"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="nucleoporin-like protein"  
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AIPDFRDPQKVKEFLQEKYEKKRWYVPPEQAKVVASVHASISGSSASSTSSTPEVKPL  
KSLLGDSAPTLHLNKGTPSQSPVVGSRQGGQEQKQFDLLSDLGSDIFAAPAPQSTAT  
ANFANFAHFNSHAAQNSANADFANFDFAGQSSGSSNFGGFPTASHSPFQPQTGGSSAA  
SVNANFAHFDNFKSSSADFGTFNTSQSHQTASAVSKVSTNKAGLQTADKYAALANLD  
NIFSAGQGGDQSGFGTTGKAPVGSVSVPSQSSASSDKYAALAE LDSVFSSAATSSN  
AYTSTSNASSNVFGTVPVVASAQTQPASSVVPAPFGRTPSTNPFVAAAGPSVASSTNP  
FQTNARGATAATFGTASMSMPTGFGTPAPYSLPTSFSGSGFQQPAFPAQAAPQQTAFS  
QQPNGAGFAAFGQTKPVVTPFGQVAAAGVSSNPFMTGAPTQQFPTGSSSTNPFL"

LOCUS HUMPPARGB 1811 bp mRNA PRI 01-NOV-1995  
DEFINITION H. sapiens peroxisome proliferator activated receptor gamma, complete cds.  
ACCESSION L40904  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1811)  
AUTHORS Greene,M.E., Blumberg,B., McBride,O.W., Yi,H.F., Kronquist,K., Kwan,K., Hsieh,L., Greene,G. and Nimer,S.D.  
TITLE Isolation of the human peroxisome proliferator activated receptor gamma cDNA: expression in hematopoietic cells and chromosomal mapping  
JOURNAL Gene Expr. 4 (4-5), 281-299 (1995)  
MEDLINE 95307078  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1811)  
AUTHORS Qi,J.S., Desai-Yajnik,V., Greene,M.E., Raaka,B.M. and Samuels,H.H.  
TITLE The ligand-binding domains of the thyroid hormone/retinoid receptor gene subfamily function in vivo to mediate heterodimerization, gene silencing, and transactivation  
JOURNAL Mol. Cell. Biol. 15 (3), 1817-1825 (1995)  
MEDLINE 95166267  
COMMENT As reported by Desai-Yajnik and coworkers, J. Virol. 69:5103-5112, 1995, this protein binds to thyroid hormone response elements (TRES) embedded within NF-Kappa B and Sp1 motifs. The latter interaction, but not the former, is Tat-dependent, and therefore interaction with Tat is suggested. The 50-aa N-terminal region of T3R alpha, which is said to interact with TFIIIB, is critical for the Tat-dependent and independent effects.  
Full length receptor cDNA first isolated and sequenced Jan 9 1991. Patent applied for.  
NCBI gi: 722619  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
CDS 173..1609  
/gene="PPARG"  
/map="3p25"  
/note="NCBI gi: 722620"  
/codon\_start=1  
/function="ligand activated transcription factor"  
/product="peroxisome proliferator activated receptor gamma"  
/db\_xref="PID:g722620"  
/translation="MTMVDTEIAFWPTNFGISSVDLSVMEDHSHSFDIKPFTTVDFSS  
ISTPHYEDIPFTRTDPVVADYKYDLKQLQEYQSAIKVEPASPPYYSEKTQLYNKPHEEP  
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KCQYCRFQKCLAVGMSHNAIRFGRIAQAEKEKLLAEISSDIDQLNPESADLRQALAKH  
LYDSYIKSFPLTKAKARAILTGKTTDKSPFVIYDMNSLMMGEDKIKFKHITPLQEYQSK  
EVAIRIFQGCQFRSVEAVQEITEYAKSIPGFVNLDLNDQVTLKYGVHEI IYTMLASL  
MNKDGVLISEGQGFMTREFLKSRLKPFDFMEPKFEFAVKFNALELDDSDLAIFIAVI  
ILSGDRPGLLNKPIEDIQDNLLQALELQLKLNHPESQLFAKLLQKMTDLRQIVTEH  
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polyA\_site 1811  
/gene="PPARG"  
/map="3p25"

## HT2A

LOCUS HSU18543 2424 bp mRNA PRI 07-APR-1995  
DEFINITION Human zinc-finger protein mRNA, complete cds.  
ACCESSION U18543  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2424)  
AUTHORS Fridell,R.A., Harding,L.S., Bogerd, H.P. and Cullen,B.R.  
TITLE Identification of a novel human zinc finger protein that specifically interacts with the activation domain of lentiviral Tat proteins.  
JOURNAL Virology 209: 347-357 (1995)  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2424)  
AUTHORS Fridell,R.A.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (13-DEC-1994) Robert A. Fridell, Genetics, Howard Hughes Medical Institute at Duke Univ. Medical Center, DUMC, Durham, NC 27710, USA  
COMMENT The Tat activation domain, a functionally-conserved region comprising cysteine-rich motifs, interacts with this human zinc finger protein designated HT2A. HT2A, a nuclear protein, is also found to interact with HIV-2 and EIAV Tat activation domains in vivo, according to [1]. HT2A is a member of the C3HC4 family of zinc finger proteins.  
NCBI gi: 758422  
FEATURES  
source Location/Qualifiers  
1..2424  
/clone="HT2A"  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
CDS 111..2072  
/note="NCBI gi: 758423"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="zinc-finger protein"  
/db\_xref="PID:g758423"  
/translation="MAAAAASHLNLDALREVLECPICMESITEEQLRPKLLHCGHTIC  
RQCLEKLLASSINGVRCPFCSKITRITSLTQLTDNLTVLKIIDTAGLSEAVGLLMCRS  
CGRRLPRQFCRSCGLVLCPEPCREADHQPPGHCTLPVKEAAEERRRDFGEKLRLELM  
GELQRRKAALEGVSKDLQARYKAVLQEYGHERRVQDELARSRKFFFTGSLAEVEKSNS  
QVVEEQSYLLNIAEVQAVSRCDYFLAKIKQADVALLEETADEEPELTASLPRELTQ  
DVELLKVGHVGPLQIGQAVKKPRTVNVEDSWAMEATASAASTSVTFREMDMSPEEVVA  
SPRASPAKQRGPEAASNIQQCLFLKKMGAKGSTPGMFNLPVSLYVTSQGEVLVADRGN  
YRIQVFTRKGFLEIRRSPPSGIDSFVLSFLGADLPNLTPLSVAMNCQGLIGVTDSDYN  
SLKVYTLDGHCVACHRSQLSKPGWITALPSGQFVVTDVEGGKLCWCFVDRGSGVVKYS  
CLCSAVRPKFVTCDAEGTVYFTQGLGLNLENRQNEHHLEGGFSGSVGPDGQLGRQIS  
HFFSENEDFRCIAGMCVDARGDLIVADSSRKEILHFPKGGGYSVLIREGLTCPVGIAL  
TPKGQLLVLDWCWHDHCKIYSYHLRRYSTP"

LOCUS HUMSF2P33 1428 bp mRNA PRI 24-NOV-1993  
 DEFINITION Human SF2p33 mRNA, complete cds.  
 ACCESSION M69040  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1428)  
 AUTHORS Krainer,A.R., Mayeda,A., Kozak,D. and Binns,G.  
 TITLE Functional expression of cloned human splicing factor SF2: homology to RNA-binding proteins, U1 70K, and Drosophila splicing regulators  
 JOURNAL Cell 66, 383-394 (1991)  
 MEDLINE 91309150  
 COMMENT SF2p33 is an essential pre-mRNA splicing factor, which can also affect alternative 5' splice site selection in vitro by stimulating the use of proximal 5' splice sites.  
 (Krainer, A.R., Conway, G.C., and Kozak, D. (1990) Purification and Characterization of SF2, a Human Pre-mRNA Splicing Factor. *Genes Dev.* 4, 1158-1171; Krainer, A.R., Conway, G.C., and Kozak, D. (1990) The Essential Pre-mRNA Splicing Factor SF2 Influences 5' Splice Site Selection by Activating Proximal Sites. *Cell* 62, 35-42). This factor is also known as ASF (Ge, H., and Manley, J.L. (1990) A protein Factor, ASF, Controls Alternative Splicing of SV40 Early Pre-mRNA In Vitro. *Cell* 62, 25-34). SF2 p33 consists of two polypeptides of apparent molecular weight 33 kd, approximately, although their predicted molecular weight is 27,744 daltons. The two forms appear to differ by the extent of post-translational modification, which includes phosphorylation. SF2p33 binds RNA and promotes the annealing of complementary RNAs. It is required for assembly of pre-spliceosome complexes. The N-termini of the HeLa polypeptides are blocked.  
 While the p32 (or p33) protein copurifies with SF2, there is no evidence to date that it functions as a splicing factor; rather, it appears to be identical to a protein named TAP (tat-associated protein; Yu et al., *J. Virol.* 69:3007, 1995). The same protein, named as YL2, earlier was thought to modulate Rev (Luo et al., *J. Virol.* 68:3850, 1994).  
 NCBI gi: 338046  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..1428  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /sex="female"  
 5'UTR <1..124  
 CDS 125..871  
 /note="NCBI gi: 338047"  
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 /product="SF2p33"  
 /db\_xref="PID:g338047"  
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 GGGGAPRGYGPSSRRSENRRVVVSGLPPSGSWQDLKDHMREAGDVCYADVYRDGTGVV  
 EFVRKEDMTYAVRKLNTKFRSHEGETAYIRVKVDGPRSPSYGRSRSRSRSRSRSR  
 SNSRSRSYSPRRSRGSPRYSRHSRSRSRT"

## MNSOD

LOCUS HSMNSOD 977 bp RNA PRI 12-NOV-1990  
DEFINITION Human mRNA for mangano-superoxide dismutase (Mn-SOD).  
ACCESSION X14322  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 977)  
AUTHORS Wispe,J.R., Clark,J.C., Burhans,M.S., Kropp,K.E., Korfhagen,T.R.  
and Whitsett,J.A.  
TITLE Synthesis and processing of the precursor for human  
mangano-superoxide dismutase  
JOURNAL Biochim. Biophys. Acta 994 (1), 30-36 (1989)  
MEDLINE 89076921  
COMMENT Steady-state levels of MN-SOD mRNA are lower in HeLa-tat cell lines  
than in parental lines and enzyme activity is reduced by about 50%.  
The tat effect is not seen with Cu- and Zn-dependent SODs. As a  
consequence, HeLa-tat cells show signs of oxidative stress (Flores  
et al., PNAS 90:7632,1993).  
NCBI gi: 34706

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..977  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
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mRNA 1..977  
/gene="Mn-SOD"  
/evidence=experimental  
transit\_peptide 96..167  
/gene="Mn-SOD"  
/evidence=experimental  
CDS 96..764  
/gene="Mn-SOD"  
/note="NCBI gi: 34707"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="Manganese superoxide dismutase"  
/db\_xref="PID:g34707"  
/translation="MLSRAVCGTSRQLAPALGYLGSRQKHS L PDL P Y D Y G A L E P H I N A  
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T N L S P N G G G E P K G E L L E A I K R D F G S F D K F K E K L T A A S V G V Q G S G W G W L G F N K E R G H L Q  
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A C K K"  
mat\_peptide 168..761  
/gene="Mn-SOD"  
/evidence=experimental  
/product="Manganese superoxide dismutase"

LOCUS HUMHIP116A 3418 bp mRNA PRI 25-MAY-1995  
 DEFINITION Human ATPase, DNA-binding protein (HIP116) mRNA, 3' end.  
 ACCESSION L34673  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3418)  
 AUTHORS Sheridan,P.L., Schorpp,M., Voz,M.L. and Jones,K.A.  
 TITLE Cloning of an SNF2/SWI2-related protein that binds specifically to the SPH motifs of the SV40 enhancer and to the HIV-1 promoter  
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 270 (9), 4575-4587 (1995)  
 MEDLINE 95181452  
 COMMENT This protein binds to the TATA/inhibitor region of the HIV-1 promoter. It contains a C3hC4 zinc-finger motif interspersed between ATPase motifs. The authors speculate that this protein can affect transcription by acting as a DNA-binding ATPase.  
 NCBI gi: 531195

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..3418  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /cell\_line="HeLa S3"  
 /sequenced\_mol="cDNA to mRNA"  
 5' UTR 1..177  
 mRNA 1..3418  
 CDS 178..3207  
 /gene="HIP116"  
 /note="SNF2/SWI2-related protein; DNA-binding protein; NCBI gi: 531196"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /function="putative transcription factor"  
 /product="ATPase"  
 /db\_xref="PID:g531196"  
 /translation="MSWMFKRDPVWKYLQTVQYGVHGNFPRLSYPTFFPRFEFQDVIP  
 PDDFLTSDEEVDSVLFGLRGHVVGLRYYTGVVNNEMVALQRDPNNPYDKNAIKVNN  
 VNGNQVGHLLKELAGALAYIMDNKLAQIEGVVPPFGANNAFTMPLHMTFWGKEENRKAV  
 SDQLKKHGFKLGPAPKTLGFNLESGWGSGRAGPSYMPVHAAVQMTTEQLKTEFDKLF  
 EDLKEDDKTHEMEPAEAIETPLLPHQKQALAWMVSRENSKELPPFWEQRNDLYNTIT  
 NFSEKDRPENVHGGILADDMGLGKTLTAIAVILTNFHDGRPLPIERVKKNLLKKEYNV  
 NDDSMKLGNNNTSEKADGLSKDASRCSEQPSISDIKEKSKFRMSELSTSRPKRRKTAV  
 QYIESSDSEEIETSELPQKMKGKLNQVQSETKGRAKAGSSKVIEDVAFACALTSSVPT  
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 YYGPDRIREPALLSKQDIVLTTYNILTHDYGTKGDSPLHSIRWLRVILDEGHAIKRNPN  
 AQQTKAVLDLESERRWVLTGTPIQNSLKDLSLWLSLFLKLPFIDREWWHRTIQRVPTM  
 GDEGGLRRLQSLIKNITLRRTKTSKIKGKPVLELPERKVFIQHITLSDEERKIYQSVK  
 NEGRATIGRYFNEGTVLAHYADVLGLLLRLRQICCHTYLLTNAVSSNGPSGNDTPEEL  
 RKKLIRKMKLILSSGSDEECAICLDSLTPVPIITHCAHVFCPCICQVIQNEQPHAKCP  
 LCRNDIHEDNLLCEPPEELARDSEKKSMEWTSSKINALMHALTDLRKKKNPNIKSLV  
 VSQFTFSLIEIPLKASGFVTRLDGSMQKKRVESIQCQNTTEAGSPTIMLLSLKA  
 GGVGLNLSAASRVFLMDPAWNPAAEDQCFCRHLGQKQEVIIITKFIVKDSVEENMLK  
 IQNKKRELAAGAFGTKKPNADEMKAQAKINEIRTLIDL"

# HHV601

LOCUS HHV6DR 3927 bp DNA VRL 22-DEC-1994  
DEFINITION Human Herpesvirus Type 6 DNA.  
ACCESSION X73675  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 3927)  
AUTHORS Thompson,J., Choudhury,S., Kashanchi,F., Doniger,J., Berneman,Z.,  
Frenkel,N. and Rosenthal,L.J.  
TITLE A transforming fragment within the direct repeat region of human  
herpesvirus type 6 that transactivates HIV-1  
JOURNAL Oncogene 9 (4), 1167-1175 (1994)  
MEDLINE 94181269  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 3927)  
AUTHORS Thompson,J.T.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (28-JUN-1993) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. J.T.  
Thompson, Georgetown University Medical Center, Dept of  
Microbiology, 3900 Reservoir Rd NW, Washington DC 20007, USA  
COMMENT Orf 1 of HHV-6 product, 357 aa, transactivates HIV-1 LTR by 10- to  
15-fold. Minimal promoter elements are involved. See Kashanchi et al.,  
Virology 201:95,1994. Only the translation of Orf 1 of this 3927 cds  
is shown below.  
NCBI gi: 469952  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..3927  
/organism="Human herpesvirus type 6"  
/variety="U1102"  
/clone="pNF1022"  
/map="DRL & UNIQUE junction"  
CDS 903..1976  
/note="ORF1; NCBI gi: 469953"  
/codon\_start=1  
/db\_xref="PID:g469953"  
/translation="MRHLPFHGMPLRVQMFCFAFFIRSETTDKNKATPTITFMVSCCFV  
WVKRLFYRVGRIHHVQSLTYARPITALDSCLYVCCGYGEKLPVGFVKSYVTNSQLDT  
LRVLLVGKDGAVYVHHMRAARLCRLASSTTEFTRRGLQRDAVTYEEDLELPDQRMCGT  
NARHLFDVIAAAADEHNLLTVGGLCQTHAGVSCNLETVGDPWTAVPAARMTLTPVQV  
QYRLWPEARLDLRRHLYAGHPLGPWLVCVLSRERETQKPSPPIRTTVGNVPTPGPRE  
VEIAWVVLTLAGPLLAFWPDTGKICRLANSFSTLWKMGPRAMRGHWYSAPGRHLPGD  
AWPLCEHVPRPQVGKLPKRAYLD"

LOCUS HSU23731 1245 bp mRNA PRI 19-JUL-1995  
 DEFINITION Human TAR DNA-binding protein-43 mRNA, complete cds.  
 ACCESSION U23731  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1245)  
 AUTHORS Ou,S.H., Wu,F., Harrich,D., Garcia-Martinez,L.F. and Gaynor,R.B.  
 TITLE Cloning and characterization of a novel cellular protein, TDP-43,  
 that binds to human immunodeficiency virus type 1 TAR DNA sequence  
 motifs  
 JOURNAL J. Virol. 69 (6), 3584-3596 (1995)  
 MEDLINE 95264449  
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1245)  
 AUTHORS Ou,S.-H.I.  
 TITLE Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL Submitted (27-MAR-1995) S.-H.I. Ou, Internal Medicine, University  
 of Texas Southwestern, 5323 Harry Hines Blvd., Dallas, TX 75209,  
 USA  
 COMMENT TDP-43 is a Tar DNA-binding protein of weight 43 kDa. It is said to bind  
 to pyrimidine-rich motifs in the DNA and not to Tar RNA. It represses in  
 vitro transcription in the presence and absence of Tat by apparently  
 altering transcription complexes.  
 NCBI gi: 901997  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..1245  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /cell\_line="HeLa cells"  
 CDS 1..1245  
 /note="TDP-43 binds to HIV-1 LTR TAR DNA region and can  
 repress HIV-1 transcription; TDP-43; NCBI gi: 901998"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /product="TAR DNA-binding protein-43"  
 /db\_xref="PID:g901998"  
 /translation="MSEYIRVTEDEENDEPIEIPSEDDGTVLLSTVTAQFPGACGLRYR  
 NPVSQCMRGVRLVEGILHAPDAGWGNLVYVVNYPKDNKRKMDETDASSAVKVRAVQK  
 TSDLIVLGLPWKTTEQDLKEYFSTFGEVLMVQVKDLKTGHSGFGFVRFTEYETQVK  
 VMSQRHMIDGRWCCKLPNSKQSQDEPLRSRKVFVGRCTEDMTEDELREFFSQYGDVM  
 DVFIPKPFRAFVTFADDQIAQSLCGEDLIIKGISVHISNAEPKHNSNRQLERSGRF  
 GGNPGGFGNQQGFGNSRGGGAGLGNNGSNMGGGMNFGAFSINPAMMAAAQALQSSW  
 GMMGMLASQQNQSGPSGNNQNGNMQREPNQAFSGSNNSYSGSNSGAAIGWGSASNAG  
 SGSGFNNGGFGSSMDSKSSGWM"

**PKR**

LOCUS HUMPEIF2A 2392 bp mRNA PRI 24-MAY-1994  
DEFINITION Human P1/eIF-2a protein kinase mRNA, complete cds.  
ACCESSION M85294  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2392)  
AUTHORS Thomis,D.C., Doohan,J.P. and Samuel,C.E.  
TITLE Mechanism of interferon action: cDNA structure, expression, and regulation of the interferon-induced, RNA-dependent P1/eIF-2 alpha protein kinase from human cells  
JOURNAL Virology 188 (1), 33-46 (1992)  
MEDLINE 92230231  
REFERENCE 2 (sites)  
AUTHORS McCormack,S.J., Thomis,D.C. and Samuel,C.E.  
TITLE Mechanism of interferon action: identification of a RNA binding domain within the N-terminal region of the human RNA-dependent P1/eIF-2 alpha protein kinase  
JOURNAL Virology 188 (1), 47-56 (1992)  
MEDLINE 92230247  
REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 2392)  
AUTHORS Samuel,C.E.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (04-JUN-1992) Charles E. Samuel, Department of Biology, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106, USA  
COMMENT This double-stranded RNA-dependent enzyme is called PKR, DAI, or dsI kinase. When induced by interferon and activated by RNA, phosphorylation of the alpha subunit of eIF-2 by this P1/eIF-2a protein kinase leads to inhibition of protein synthesis initiation. PKR binds TAR (Maitra et al., Virol. 204:823,1994; Silvastra et al., J. Biol. Chem. 270:16619, 1995; Clemens et al., Biochemie 76:770, 1994) and Tat (McMillan et al., Virol. 213:413,1995).  
NCBI gi: 189781  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..2392  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
CDS 31..1686  
/gene="P1/eIF-2a protein kinase"  
/note="NCBI gi: 189782"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="P1/eIF-2a protein kinase"  
/db\_xref="PID:g189782"  
/translation="MAGDLSAGFFMEELNTYRQKQGVVLKYQELPNSGPPHRRFTFQ  
VIIDGREFPEGEGRSKKEAKNAAKLAVEILNKEKKAVSPLLLTTNSSEGLSMGNYI  
GLINRIAQKKRLTVNYEQCASGVHGPPEGFHYKCKMGQKEYSIGTGSTKQEAQLAAKL  
AYLQILSEETSVKSDYLSSGSFATTCESQSNSLVTSTLASESSSEGDFSADTSEINSN  
SDSLNSSLLMNGLRNNQRKAKRSLAPRFDLPDMKETKYTVDKRFRGMDFKIEELIGSG  
GFGQVFKAKHRIDGKTYVIKRVKYNNEKAEREVKALAKLDHVNI VHYNGCWDGFDYDP  
ETSDDSLESSDYDPENSKNSSRSKTKCLFIQMEFCDKGTLEQWIEKRRGEKLDKVLAL  
ELFEQITKGVDYIHSKCLIHRDLKPSNIFLVDTKQVKIGDFGLVTSKNDGKRTRSKG  
TLRYMSPEQISSQDYGKEVDLYALGLILAELLHVCDTAFETSKFFTDLRDGIISDIFD  
KKEKTLQLKLLSKKPEDRPNTSEILRTLTVWKKSPKNERHTC"

LOCUS HUM49KDA 2201 bp mRNA PRI 30-NOV-1995  
 DEFINITION Human 49 kDa protein mRNA, complete cds.  
 ACCESSION L22009  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2201)  
 AUTHORS Honore,B., Rasmussen,H.H., Vorum,H., Dejgaard,K., Liu,X.,  
 Gromov,P., Madsen,P., Gesser,B., Tommerup,N. and Celis,J.E.  
 TITLE Heterogeneous nuclear ribonuclearproteins H, H', and F are members  
 of a ubiquitously expressed subfamily of related but distinct  
 proteins encoded by genes mapping to different chromosomes  
 JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 270 (48), 28780-28789 (1995)  
 COMMENT Reported to be an RRE-binding protein by Xu et al., J. Biomed. Sci.  
 in press, 1996 (Wong-Staal, UCSD, La Jolla, Ca.).  
 NCBI gi: 347313

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..2201  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /cell\_line="MRC-5 V2"  
 /cell\_type="Fibroblast"  
 /sequenced\_mol="cDNA to mRNA"  
 /tissue\_lib="lambda ZAP II"  
 CDS 73..1422  
 /note="49 kDa protein; NCBI gi: 347314"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /db\_xref="PID:g347314"  
 /translation="MMLGTEGGEGFVVKVRGLPWSCSADEVQRFSDCKIQNGAQGIR  
 FIYTREGRPSGEAFVELESEDEVKLALKKDRETMGHRYVEVFKSNNVEMDWLKHGTG  
 NSPDTANDGFVRLRGLPFGCSKEEIVQFFSGLIIVPNGITLPVDFQGRSTGEAFVQFA  
 SQEIAEKALKKKKERIGHRYIEIFKSSRAEVRTHYDPPRKLMMQRPQPYDRPGAGRG  
 YNSIGRGAGFERMRRGAYGGYGGYDDYNGYNDGYGFGSDRFGRDLNYCFSGMSDHRY  
 GDGGSTFQSTTGHCVHMRGLPYRATENDIYNFFSPLNPVVRVHIEIGPDGRVTGEADVE  
 FATHEDAVAAMSKDKANMQHRYVELFLNSTAGASGGAYEHRYVELFLNSTAGASGGAY  
 GSQMMGGMGLSNQSSYGGPASQQLSGGYGGYGGQSSMSGYDQVLQENSSDFQSNIA"

# Trp185

LOCUS HSU38847 5173 bp mRNA PRI 14-FEB-1996  
DEFINITION Human TAR RNA loop binding protein (TRP-185) mRNA, complete cds.  
ACCESSION U38847  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 5173)  
AUTHORS Wu-Baer,F., Lane,W.S. and Gaynor,R.B.  
TITLE The cellular factor TRP-185 regulates RNA polymerase II binding to HIV-1 TAR RNA  
JOURNAL EMBO J. 14, 5995-6009 (1995)  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 5173)  
AUTHORS Wu-Baer,F. and Gaynor,R.B.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (17-OCT-1995) Foon Wu-Baer, Internal Medicine, UT Southwestern Medical Center, 5323 Harry Hines Blvd., Dallas, TX 75235-8594, USA  
COMMENT Trp185 binds to TAR RNA and thereby modulates the binding of RNA polymerase II [1].  
NCBI gi: 1184691  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..5173  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
CDS 1..4866  
/gene="TRP-185"  
/note="Method: conceptual translation supplied by author.; TRP-185; NCBI gi: 1184692"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="TAR RNA loop binding protein"  
/db\_xref="PID:g1184692"  
/translation="MEWVLAEALLSQSRDPRALLGALCQGEASAERVETLRFLLQRLE  
DEEARGSGGAGALPEAAREVAAGYLVPLLRSLRGRPAGGPDPSLQPRHRRRVLRAAGA  
ALRSCVRLAGRPQLAAALAEALRDLLAGWRAPGAEAAVEVLAAVGPGCLRPREDGPLL  
ERVAGTAVALALGGGGDGEAGPAEDAAALVAGRLLPVLVQCGGALRAVWGGLAAPG  
ASLGSGRVEEKLVLVSALAEKLLPEPGGDRARGAREAGPDARRCWRFWRTVQAGLGQA  
DALTRKRARYLLQRAVEVSAELGADCTCGPQEGNGPSLFWWSERKKDELKFWENYIL  
IMETLEGNQIHVIKPVLPKLNLFYAVSEENGWLFHPSWHMCIYKRMFESENKILS  
KEGVIHFLELYETKILPFSPEFSEFIIGPLMDALSESSLYSRSPGQPIGSCSPLGLKL  
QKFLVTYISLLPEEIKSSFLLKFIKMTSRHWCAPILFLSKALANVPRHKALGIDGL  
LALRDVIHCTMITHQILLRGAAQCYLLQTAMNLLDVEKVSLSDVSTFLMSLRQESLG  
RGTSLWTELCDWLRVNESYFKPSPTCSSIGLHKTSLNAYVKSIVQEVYKSSAWETGEN  
CFMPDWFEAKLVSLMVLAVDVEGMKTQYSGKQRTENVLRIFLDPLLDVLMKFSTNAY  
MPLLKTDRCQLQLLKLNTCRLKGSQAQDDEVSTVLQNFMMSTTESISEFILRRLTMN  
ELNSVSDLDRCHLYMLVTELINLHLKVGWKRGNPIWRVISLLKNASIQHLQEMDSGQ  
EPTVGSQIQRVVSMALAMVCEAIDQKPELQLDSLHAGPLESFLSSLQLNQTQKPHA  
EEQSSYAHPLECSSVLEESSSSQGWGKIVAQYIHDQWVCLSFLLKKYHTLIPTTGSEI  
LEPFLPAVQMPIRTLSALEALTVLSSDQVLPVFHCLKVLPKLLTSSSESLCIESFDM  
AWKIISSLSNTQLIFWANLKAFVQFVFDNKVLTIAAKIKGQAYFKIKEIMYKIIEMSA  
IKTGVFNTLISYCCQSWIVSASNVSQGSLSSAKNYSELILEACIFGTVFRDRQLVQD  
VQTFIENLGHDCANIVMENTKREDHYVRICAVKFLCLLDGSNMSHKLFIEDLAIKLL  
DKDELVSKSKKRYVNSLQHRVKNRVWQTLLVLFPRLDQNFNGIIDRIFQAGFTNNQ  
ASIKYFIEWIIILHKKFPQFLPKFWDCFSYGEENLKTSICTFLAVLSHLDIITQNIIP  
EKKILKQALIVVLQWCFNHNFSVRLYALVALKKLWTVCKVLSVEEFDALTPVIESSL  
HQVESMHGAGNAKKNWQRIQEHEFFATFHPLKDYCLETIIFYILPRLSGLIEDEWITID  
KFTRFTDVPLAAGFQWYLSQTQLSKLPGDWSQQDIGTNLVEADNQAEWTDVQKKIIP  
WNSRVSDLDLELLFQDRAARLGKISRLIVVASLIDKPTNLGGLCRTCEVFAGSVLVV  
GSLQCISDKQFQHLSVSAEQWLPLVEVKPPQLIDYLQKKTEGYTIIGVEQTAKSLDL  
TQYCFPEKSLLLGNEREGIPANLIQQLDVCEVPEQGIIRSLNVHVSAGALLIWEYTR  
QQLLSHGDTKP"

LOCUS HUMTCSM 1160 bp mRNA PRI 15-JUN-1989  
 DEFINITION Human T cell-specific protein (RANTES) mRNA, complete cds.  
 ACCESSION M21121  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1160)  
 AUTHORS Schall,T.J., Jongstra,J., Dyer,B.J., Jorgensen,J., Clayberger,C.,  
 Davis,M.M. and Krensky,A.M.  
 TITLE A human T cell-specific molecule is a member of a new gene family  
 JOURNAL J. Immunol. 141, 1018-1025 (1988)  
 MEDLINE 88285659  
 COMMENT A chemokine that is found to be a suppressive factor for HIV (Cocchi  
 and coworkers, Science 270:1811,1995). See also MIP1A and MIP1B.  
 Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided  
 by A.M.Krensky, 24-OCT-1988.  
 NCBI gi: 339420  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..1160  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 CDS 27..302  
 /note="T cell-specific protein precursor; NCBI gi:  
 339421"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /db\_xref="PID:g339421"  
 /translation="MKVSAARLAVILIATALCAPASASPYSSTTPCCFAYIARPLPR  
 AHIKEYFYTSGKCSNPVVFVTRKNRQVCANPEKKWVREYINSLEMS"  
 sig\_peptide 27..95  
 /note="T cell-specific protein signal peptide"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 mat\_peptide 96..299  
 /note="T cell-specific protein"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 repeat\_region 450..950  
 /note="Alu-related repeats"

## MIP1A

LOCUS HUMMIP1A 775 bp mRNA PRI 28-OCT-1992  
DEFINITION Human macrophage inflammatory protein (G0S19-1) mRNA, complete cds.  
ACCESSION M23452  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 775)  
AUTHORS Blum,S., Forsdyke,R.E. and Forsdyke,D.R.  
TITLE Three human homologs of a murine gene encoding an inhibitor of stem cell proliferation  
JOURNAL DNA Cell Biol. 9, 589-602 (1990)  
MEDLINE 91103879  
COMMENT A chemokine that is found to be an HIV suppressive factor (Cocchi et al., Science 270:1811,1995). See also RANTES and MIP1B (sequence not available for the latter).  
  
Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for  
[1] kindly submitted  
by D.R.Forsdyke, 30-JUN-1989.  
The G0S19 genes are members of the 'small inducible' family of genes. The G0S19-1 product is homologous to the alpha subunit of the murine cytokine MIP1.  
  
NCBI gi: 188558

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..775  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
/cell\_type="peripheral lymphocyte"  
/sequenced\_mol="cDNA to mRNA"  
sig\_peptide 84..143  
/note="G0S19-1 peptide signal peptide"  
/codon\_start=1  
CDS 84..362  
/note="G0S19-1 peptide precursor; NCBI gi: 188559"  
/codon\_start=1  
/db\_xref="PID:g188559"  
/translation="MQVSTAALAVLLCTMALCNQFSASLAADTPTACCFSYTSRQIPQ  
NFIADYFETSSQCSKPGVIFLTKRSRQVCADPSEEWVQKYVSDLELSA"  
mat\_peptide 144..359  
/note="G0S19-1 peptide"  
/codon\_start=1

LOCUS HSUDGM 1224 bp RNA PRI 12-SEP-1993  
 DEFINITION Human mRNA for uracil-DNA glycosylase.  
 ACCESSION X52486  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1224)  
 AUTHORS Caradonna,S.J.  
 TITLE Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL Submitted (06-MAR-1990) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
 Caradonna S.J., University of Med. and Dent. of New Jersey, Dept of  
 Biochemistry, 675 Hoes Lane, Piscataway New Jersey 08854, U S A  
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1224)  
 AUTHORS Muller,S.J. and Caradonna,S.  
 TITLE Isolation and characterization of a human cDNA encoding uracil-DNA  
 glycosylase  
 JOURNAL Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1088 (2), 197-207 (1991)  
 MEDLINE 91159471  
 COMMENT The uracil DNA glycosylase is an HIV vpR-binding protein (Bonhamdan  
 et al., J. Virol 70:697,1996).  
 Data kindly reviewed (07-NOV-1990) by Muller S.J.  
 NCBI gi: 37586  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..1224  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /cell\_type="T-cell"  
 /cell\_line="Jurkat"  
 /clone\_lib="lambda gt11"  
 /chromosome="5"  
 CDS 80..1060  
 /note="uracil-DNA glycosylase; NCBI gi: 37587"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /db\_xref="PID:g37587"  
 /translation="MEPLPSFELLSPLREVTLYDALCTAPGPNPGVPAQQARSVSSFH  
 CVLSSEFLPLSWEAPRFFLALPSLPQLPLHPKPSGPASPPPSRQVTAESRCKLLSWL  
 IPVHRQFGLSFESLCLTVNTLDRFLTTTPVLQTASSCLGSPPCSSLANRWRCTRRAWK  
 QLLALCCGAFSRQQLCNLECI RAAQAALHPGCATISFFLTFQHLLSAARPPKWLKRKP  
 WRRGVAELSLADYAFTSYSPSLLAICCLALADRMLRLAARGLATGRPPGGGAGGLYGQ  
 VAAAGGHKQYFLD SHAARSDLREVQPAPPELEIKQILRFLLVPGPAAGPLP"

**p56lck**

LOCUS HSU23852 2129 bp mRNA PRI 29-NOV-1995  
DEFINITION Human T-lymphocyte specific protein tyrosine kinase p56lck (lck) abberant mRNA, complete cds.  
ACCESSION U23852  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2129)  
AUTHORS Vogel,L.B. and Fujita,D.J.  
TITLE The SH3 domain of p56lck is involved in binding to phosphatidylinositol 3'-kinase from T lymphocytes  
JOURNAL Mol. Cell. Biol. 13 (12), 7408-7417 (1993)  
MEDLINE 94067101  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2129)  
AUTHORS Vogel,L.B. and Fujita,D.J.  
TITLE p70 phosphorylation and binding to p56lck is an early event in interleukin-2-induced onset of cell cycle progression in T-lymphocytes  
JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 270 (6), 2506-2511 (1995)  
MEDLINE 95155308  
REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 2129)  
AUTHORS Vogel,L.B., Arthur,R. and Fujita,D.F.  
TITLE An abberant lck mRNA in two human T-cell lines  
JOURNAL Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1264, 168-172 (1995)  
REFERENCE 4 (bases 1 to 2129)  
AUTHORS Vogel,L.B., Arthur,R. and Fujita,D.F.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (31-MAR-1995) Lee B. Vogel, Developmental Biology, CNRS Station Biologique, Place Georges-Teissier, Roscoff 29680, France  
COMMENT P56lck binds to both the 27 kDa and the 25 kDa isoforms of HIV-1 nef. Nef appears to interfere with the activation of p56lck. (Greenway et al., J. Virol. 69:1842,1995). Note that this sequence is aberrant. NCBI gi: 775207  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..2129  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
/cell\_line="Molt-4"  
/cell\_type="T-lymphocyte"  
/chromosome="1"  
/map="1p35-p32"  
CDS 60..1151  
/gene="lck"  
/note="truncated form of T-lymphocyte-specific protein tyrosine kinase p56lck; this abberant message encoding primarily the SH2 and SH3 domains of p56lck was observed by nothern hybridization and PCR amplification in poly-A selected RNA from two human leukemic T-cell lines. NCBI gi: 775208"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="p56lck"  
/db\_xref="PID:g775208"  
/translation="MGCGCSSHPEDDWMENIDVCENCHYPIVPLDGGKGTLLIRNGSEV RDPLVTYEGSNPPASPLQDNLVIALHSYEPSHDGLGFKEKGEQLRILEQSGEWWKAQS LTTGQEGFIPFNFAKANSLEPEPWFFKNLSRKDAERQLLAPGNTHGSFLIRESESTA GSFSLSVRDFDQNGQEVVVKHYKIRNLDNNGGFYISPRITFPGLHELVRHYTNASDGLCT RLSRPCQTQKPQKPPWWEDEWEVPRETLKLVRLGAGQFGEVWMGYNGHTKVAVKSLK QGSMSPDAFLAEANLMKQLQHQLVRLYAVVTQEPYIYIITEYMEGSLVDFLKTPSGI KLTINKLLDMAAQVRRRLGRGAGQGNRPVT"

LOCUS HSP53G 20303 bp DNA PRI 23-APR-1992  
 DEFINITION Human p53 gene for transformation related protein p53 (also called transformation-associated protein p53, cellular tumor antigen p53, and non-viral tumour antigen p53).  
 ACCESSION X54156  
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20303)  
 AUTHORS Chumakov,P.M.  
 TITLE Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL Submitted (02-AUG-1990) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
 Chumakov P.M., Engelhardt Inst. of Molecular Biology, Academy of Science of the USSR, Vavilov St. 32, 117984 Moscow, USSR  
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 20303)  
 AUTHORS Chumakov,P.M., Almazov,V.P. and Jenkins,J.R.  
 JOURNAL Unpublished  
 REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 20303)  
 AUTHORS Futreal,P.A., Barrett,J.C. and Wiseman,R.W.  
 TITLE An Alu polymorphism intragenic to the TP53 gene  
 JOURNAL Nucleic Acids Res. 19 (24), 6977 (1991)  
 MEDLINE 92107726  
 COMMENT P53 is found to bind HIV-1 nef (Greenway et al., J. Virol. 69: 1842, 1995).  
  
 See also entries K03199, M14690, M14695, X01405, X02469, M22881-4, M22887-8, M22894-8.  
 See also Mol. Cell. Biol. 6:1379-1385(1986);  
 and Mol. Cell. Biol. 7:961-963(1987).  
  
 NCBI gi: 35213  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..20303  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /strain="caucasian"  
 /chromosome="17p13"  
 mRNA join(843..949,11689..11790,11906..11927,12021..12299,13055..13238,13320..13432,14000..14109,14452..14588,14681..14754,17572..17678,18599..19876)  
 /gene="p53"  
 prim\_transcript 843..19876  
 /gene="p53"  
 exon 843..949  
 /number=1  
 intron 950..11688  
 /number=1  
 exon 11689..11790  
 /number=2  
 CDS join(11717..11790,11906..11927,12021..12299,13055..13238,13320..13432,14000..14109,14452..14588,14681..14754,17572..17678,18599..18680)  
 /gene="p53"  
 /note="NCBI gi: 35214"  
 /codon\_start=1  
 /product="protein p53"  
 /db\_xref="PID:g35214"  
 /translation="MEEPQSDPSVEPPLSQETFSDLWKLLPENNVLSPLPSQAMDDLMLSPDDIEQWFTEDPGPDEAPRMPEAAPRVAPAPAAPTPAAPAPAPSWPLSSSVPSQKTYQGSYGFRLGFLHSGTAKSVTCTYSPALNKMFCQLAKTCTPVQLWVDSTPPPGTRVRAMAIYKQSQHMTEVVRRCPPHHERCSDSDGLAPPQHLIRVEGNLRVEYLDDRNTFRHSVVVYPYEPPEVGSDCCTIHYNYMNCNSSCMGMNRRPILTIITLEDSSGNLLGRNSFEVVRVCA CPGRDRRTEENLRKKGEPHHELPPGSTKRALPNTSSSPQPKKPLDGEYFTLQIRGRERFEMFRELNEALELKDAQAGKEPGGSRAHSSHLKSKKGQSTSRHKKLMFKTEGPDSD"

erk1

LOCUS HSERK1 1866 bp RNA PRI 06-SEP-1993  
DEFINITION Human ERK1 mRNA for protein serine/threonine kinase.  
ACCESSION X60188  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1866)  
AUTHORS Pelech,S.L.  
TITLE Direct Submission  
JOURNAL Submitted (23-JUN-1991) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. S.L. Pelech, Biomedical Res Centre, 2222 Health Science Hall, Univ of British Columbia, Vancouver B C V6T 1Z3, CANADA  
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1866)  
AUTHORS Charest,D.L., Mordret,G., Harder,K.W., Jirik,F. and Pelech,S.L.  
TITLE Molecular cloning, expression, and characterization of the human mitogen-activated protein kinase p44erk1  
JOURNAL Mol. Cell. Biol. 13 (8), 4679-4690 (1993)  
MEDLINE 93330262  
COMMENT ERK1, or p44 mapK, a protein involved in intracellular signalling, binds to HIV-1 27 kDa nef but not to 25 kDa nef (Greenway et al., J. Virol. 69:1842,1995).  
NCBI gi: 31220  
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
source 1..1866  
/organism="Homo sapiens"  
/tissue\_type="liver tumor"  
/cell\_type="hepatoblastoma"  
/cell\_line="HepG2"  
/clone\_lib="HepG2"  
/clone="p26a-Beta-3"  
/chromosome="16"  
mRNA 1..1866  
/gene="ERK1"  
/evidence=experimental  
CDS 73..1212  
/gene="ERK1"  
/note="NCBI gi: 31221"  
/codon\_start=1  
/product="protein serine/threonine kinase"  
/db\_xref="PID:g31221"  
/translation="MAAAAAQGGGGEP RRT EGVGPGVPEVEMVKGQPF DVGPRYTQ  
LQYIGEGAYGMVSSAYDHVRKTRVAIKKISPFEHQTYCQRTLREIQILLRFRHENVIG  
IRDILRASTLEAMRDVYIVQDLMETDLYKLLKSQQLSNDHICYFLYQILRGLKYIHS  
NVLHRDLKPSNLLSNTTCDLKCDFGLARIADPEHDHTGFLTEYVATRWRAP EIMLN  
SKGYTKSIDIWSVGCILAEMLSNRPIFPKGHYLDQLNHILGILGSPSQEDLN CI INMK  
ARNYLQSLP SKTKVAVAKLFPKSDSKALDLLDRMLTFNPNKRITVEEALAH PYLEQYY  
DPTDEPVAEEPFTFAMELDDL PKERL KELIFQETARFQPGVLEAP"

LOCUS HUMHCKA 2015 bp mRNA PRI 08-NOV-1994  
DEFINITION Human hemopoietic cell protein-tyrosine kinase (HCK) gene, complete cds, clone lambda-a2/1a.  
ACCESSION M16591  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2015)  
AUTHORS Quintrell,N., Lebo,R., Varmus,H., Bishop,J.M., Pettenati,M.J., Le Beau,M.M., Diaz,M.O. and Rowley,J.D.  
TITLE Identification of a human gene (HCK) that encodes a protein-tyrosine kinase and is expressed in hemopoietic cells  
JOURNAL Mol. Cell. Biol. 7 (6), 2267-2275 (1987)  
MEDLINE 87257942  
COMMENT Hck is a member of the Src family kinases that binds to HIV-1 nef PxxP motifs (SH3 mediated interaction). Hck from U937 cells precipitated by nef (Saksela et al., EMBO J.14: 484, 1995 and EMBO J. 14: 5006, 1995).  
NCBI gi: 183911

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
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lyn

LOCUS HUMLYN 2298 bp mRNA PRI 07-JAN-1995  
DEFINITION Human lyn mRNA encoding a tyrosine kinase.  
ACCESSION M16038  
SOURCE Human cDNA to mRNA.  
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2298)  
AUTHORS Yamanashi,Y., Fukushige,S., Semba,K., Sukegawa,J., Miyajima,N.,  
Matsubara,K., Yamamoto,T. and Toyoshima,K.  
TITLE The yes-related cellular gene lyn encodes a possible tyrosine  
kinase similar to p56lck  
JOURNAL Mol. Cell. Biol. 7 (1), 237-243 (1987)  
MEDLINE 87172710  
COMMENT Lyn is a member of the Src family kinases that binds to nef through  
PxxP motifs (SH3-mediated interaction) (Saksela et al., EMBO J. 14:  
484, 1995).  
NCBI gi: 187268

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
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